CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2878

Chapter 79, Laws of 2004

58th Legislature 2004 Regular Session

COUNTY TREASURERS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/10/04

Passed by the House March 8, 2004 Yeas 95 Nays 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 4, 2004 Yeas 46 Nays 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2878** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

RICHARD NAFZIGER

BRAD OWEN

Chief Clerk

President of the Senate

Approved March 22, 2004.

FILED

March 22, 2004 - 5:25 p.m.

GARY F. LOCKE

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2878

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2004 Regular Session

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2004 Regular Session

By House Committee on Local Government (originally sponsored by Representatives Romero, Alexander and Hunt)

READ FIRST TIME 02/04/04.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to making changes to county treasurer statutes; and
- 2 amending RCW 36.24.130, 36.24.140, 36.29.024, 46.44.170, 84.40.130,
- 3 84.56.120, 84.64.080, 67.28.181, and 67.28.200.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 36.24.130 and 1963 c 4 s 36.24.130 are each amended to read as follows:
- 7 The coroner or medical examiner must, within thirty days after the
- 8 ((inquest upon a dead body)) investigation of the death, deliver to the
- 9 county treasurer any money ((or other property)) which may be found
- 10 upon the body, unless claimed in the meantime by the legal
- 11 representatives of the deceased. If there is personal property, other
- 12 than money, found upon the body, unless claimed in the meantime by a
- 13 <u>legal representative of the deceased, the coroner or medical examiner</u>
- 14 shall, within one hundred eighty days of the investigation, be
- 15 <u>authorized to dispose of any property of no resale value and forward</u>
- 16 any other property to the applicable county agency to be sold at the
- 17 next county surplus sale. Any proceeds from the sale shall be
- 18 <u>forwarded to the county treasurer.</u> If ((he)) the coroner or medical

- 1 <u>examiner</u> fails to do so, the treasurer may proceed against the coroner
- 2 or medical examiner to recover the same by a civil action in the name
- 3 of the county.
- 4 **Sec. 2.** RCW 36.24.140 and 1963 c 4 s 36.24.140 are each amended to read as follows:
- Upon the delivery of money to the treasurer, ((he)) the treasurer shall place it to the credit of the county. ((If it is property other than money, he shall, within thirty days, sell it at public auction, upon reasonable public notice, and place the proceeds to the credit of
- 10 the county.))
- 11 **Sec. 3.** RCW 36.29.024 and 1988 c 281 s 5 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
- The county treasurer may deduct the amounts necessary to reimburse 13 14 the treasurer's office for the actual expenses the office incurs and to repay any county funds appropriated and expended for the initial 15 administrative costs of establishing a county investment pool provided 16 in RCW 36.29.022. These funds shall be used by the county treasurer as 17 a revolving fund to defray the cost of administering the pool without 18 regard to budget limitations. Any credits or payments to political 19 20 subdivisions shall be calculated and made in a manner which equitably 21 reflects the differing amounts of the political subdivision's respective deposits in the county investment pool and the differing 22 periods of time for which the amounts were placed in the county 23 investment pool. 24
- 25 **Sec. 4.** RCW 46.44.170 and 2003 c 61 s 1 are each amended to read 26 as follows:
 - (1) Any person moving a mobile home as defined in RCW 46.04.302 or a park model trailer as defined in RCW 46.04.622 upon public highways of the state must obtain a special permit from the department of transportation and local authorities pursuant to RCW 46.44.090 and 46.44.093 and shall pay the proper fee as prescribed by RCW 46.44.0941 and 46.44.096.
- 33 (2) A special permit issued as provided in subsection (1) of this 34 section for the movement of any mobile home or a park model trailer 35 that is assessed for purposes of property taxes shall not be valid

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until the county treasurer of the county in which the mobile home or park model trailer is located shall endorse or attach his or her certificate that all property taxes which are a lien or which are delinquent, or both, upon the mobile home or park model trailer being moved have been satisfied. Further, any mobile home or park model trailer required to have a special movement permit under this section shall display an easily recognizable decal. However, endorsement or certification by the county treasurer and the display of the decal is not required:

- (a) When a mobile home or park model trailer is to enter the state or is being moved from a manufacturer or distributor to a retail sales outlet or directly to the purchaser's designated location or between retail and sales outlets; ((or))
- (b) When a signed affidavit of destruction is filed with the county assessor and the mobile home or park model trailer is being moved to a disposal site by a landlord as defined in RCW 59.20.030 after (i) the mobile home or park model trailer has been abandoned as defined in RCW 59.20.030; or (ii) a final judgment for restitution of the premises under RCW 59.18.410 has been executed in favor of the landlord with regard to the mobile home or park model trailer. The mobile home or park model trailer will be removed from the tax rolls and, upon notification by the assessor, any outstanding taxes on the destroyed mobile home or park model trailer will be removed by the county treasurer; or
- (c) When a signed affidavit of destruction is filed with the county assessor by any mobile home or park model trailer owner or any property owner with an abandoned mobile home or park model trailer, the same shall be removed from the tax rolls and upon notification by the assessor, any outstanding taxes on the destroyed mobile home or park model trailer shall be removed by the county treasurer.
- (3) If the landlord of a mobile home park takes ownership of a mobile home or park model trailer with the intent to resell or rent the same under RCW 59.20.030 after (a) the mobile home or park model trailer has been abandoned as defined in RCW 59.20.030; or (b) a final judgment for restitution of the premises under RCW 59.18.410 has been executed in favor of the landlord with regard to the mobile home or park model trailer, the outstanding taxes become the responsibility of the landlord.

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- (4) It is the responsibility of the owner of the mobile home or park model trailer subject to property taxes or the agent to obtain the endorsement and decal from the county treasurer before a mobile home or park model trailer is moved.
 - (5) This section does not prohibit the issuance of vehicle license plates for a mobile home or park model trailer subject to property taxes, but plates shall not be issued unless the mobile home or park model trailer subject to property taxes for which plates are sought has been listed for property tax purposes in the county in which it is principally located and the appropriate fee for the license has been paid.
- (6) The department of transportation and local authorities are authorized to adopt reasonable rules for implementing the provisions of 13 The department of transportation shall adopt rules 14 this section. specifying the design, reflective characteristics, annual coloration, 15 and for the uniform implementation of the decal required by this 16 17 section.
- Sec. 5. RCW 84.40.130 and 1988 c 222 s 17 are each amended to read 18 19 as follows:
 - (1) If any person or corporation shall fail or refuse to deliver to the assessor, on or before the date specified in RCW 84.40.040, a list of the taxable personal property which is required to be listed under this chapter, unless it is shown that such failure is due to reasonable cause and not due to wilful neglect, there shall be added to the amount of tax assessed against the taxpayer on account of such personal property five percent of the amount of such tax, not to exceed fifty dollars per calendar day, if the failure is for not more than one month, with an additional five percent for each additional month or fraction thereof during which such failure continues not exceeding twenty-five percent in the aggregate. Such penalty shall be collected in the same manner as the tax to which it is added and distributed in the same manner as other property tax interest and penalties.
 - (2) If any person or corporation shall wilfully give a false or fraudulent list, schedule or statement required by this chapter, or shall, with intent to defraud, fail or refuse to deliver any list, schedule or statement required by this chapter, such person or corporation shall be liable for the additional tax properly due or, in

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the case of wilful failure or refusal to deliver such list, schedule or 1 2 statement, the total tax properly due; and in addition such person or corporation shall be liable for a penalty of one hundred percent of 3 such additional tax or total tax as the case may be. Such penalty 4 shall be in lieu of the penalty provided for in subsection (1) of this 5 A person or corporation giving a false list, schedule or 6 7 statement shall not be subject to this penalty if it is shown that the misrepresentations contained therein are entirely attributable to 8 reasonable cause. 9 The taxes and penalties provided for in this 10 subsection shall be recovered in an action in the name of the state of Washington on the complaint of the county assessor or the county 11 12 legislative authority and shall, when collected, be paid into the 13 county treasury to the credit of the current expense fund. The 14 provisions of this subsection shall be additional and supplementary to any other provisions of law relating to recovery of property taxes. 15

Sec. 6. RCW 84.56.120 and 2003 c 23 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

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After personal property has been assessed, it shall be unlawful for any person to remove the personal property subject to ((priority)) tax liens created pursuant to RCW 84.60.010 and 84.60.020 from the county in which the property was assessed and from the state until taxes and interest are paid, or until notice has been given to the county treasurer describing the property to be removed and in case of public or private sales of personal property, a list of the property desired to be sold shall be sent to the treasurer, the tax will be computed upon the consolidated tax levy for the previous year. Any taxes owed shall become an automatic lien upon the proceeds of any auction and shall be remitted to the county treasurer before final distribution to any person, as defined in this section. If proceeds are distributed in violation of this section, the seller or agent of the seller shall assume all liability for taxes, interest, and penalties owed to the county treasurer. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. For the purposes of this section, "person" includes a property owner, mortgagor, creditor, or agent.

35 **Sec. 7.** RCW 84.64.080 and 2003 c 23 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

The court shall examine each application for judgment foreclosing tax lien, and if defense (specifying in writing the particular cause of objection) be offered by any person interested in any of the lands or lots to the entry of judgment against the same, the court shall hear and determine the matter in a summary manner, without other pleadings, and shall pronounce judgment as the right of the case may be; or the court may, in its discretion, continue such individual cases, wherein defense is offered, to such time as may be necessary, in order to secure substantial justice to the contestants therein; but in all other cases the court shall proceed to determine the matter in a summary manner as above specified. In all judicial proceedings of any kind for the collection of taxes, and interest and costs thereon, all amendments which by law can be made in any personal action pending in such court shall be allowed, and no assessments of property or charge for any of the taxes shall be considered illegal on account of any irregularity in the tax list or assessment rolls or on account of the assessment rolls or tax list not having been made, completed or returned within the time required by law, or on account of the property having been charged or listed in the assessment or tax lists without name, or in any other name than that of the owner, and no error or informality in the proceedings of any of the officers connected with the assessment, levying or collection of the taxes, shall vitiate or in any manner affect the tax or the assessment thereof, and any irregularities or informality in the assessment rolls or tax lists or in any of the proceedings connected with the assessment or levy of such taxes or any omission or defective act of any officer or officers connected with the assessment or levying of such taxes, may be, in the discretion of the court, corrected, supplied and made to conform to the law by the court. The court shall give judgment for such taxes, interest and costs as shall appear to be due upon the several lots or tracts described in the notice of application for judgment or complaint, and such judgment shall be a several judgment against each tract or lot or part of a tract or lot for each kind of tax included therein, including all interest and costs, and the court shall order and direct the clerk to make and enter an order for the sale of such real property against which judgment is made, or vacate and set aside the certificate of delinquency or make such other order or judgment as in the law or equity may be just. The order shall be signed by the judge of the

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superior court, shall be delivered to the county treasurer, and shall 1 2 be full and sufficient authority for him or her to proceed to sell the property for the sum as set forth in the order and to take such further 3 steps in the matter as are provided by law. The county treasurer shall 4 5 immediately after receiving the order and judgment of the court proceed to sell the property as provided in this chapter to the highest and 6 7 best bidder for cash. The acceptable minimum bid shall be the total amount of taxes, interest, and costs. All sales shall be made at a 8 location in the county on a date and time (except Saturdays, Sundays, 9 10 or legal holidays) as the county treasurer may direct, and shall continue from day to day (Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays 11 12 excepted) during the same hours until all lots or tracts are sold, 13 after first giving notice of the time, and place where such sale is to 14 take place for ten days successively by posting notice thereof in three public places in the county, one of which shall be in the office of the 15 16 treasurer. The notice shall be substantially in the following form:

17 TAX JUDGMENT SALE

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Public notice is hereby given that pursuant to real property tax judgment of the superior court of the county of in the state of Washington, and an order of sale duly issued by the court, entered the . . . day of , , in proceedings for foreclosure of tax liens upon real property, as per provisions of law, I shall on the . . . day of , , at . . . o'clock a.m., at in the city of , and county of , state of Washington, sell the real property to the highest and best bidder for cash, to satisfy the full amount of taxes, interest and costs adjudged to be due.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto affixed my hand and seal this

description:

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No county officer or employee shall directly or indirectly be a purchaser of such property at such sale.

If any buildings or improvements are upon an area encompassing more than one tract or lot, the same must be advertised and sold as a single unit.

If the highest amount bid for any such separate unit tract or lot is in excess of the minimum bid due upon the whole property included in the certificate of delinquency, the excess shall be refunded following payment of all <u>recorded</u> water-sewer district liens, on application therefor, to the record owner of the property. The record owner of the property is the person who held title on the date of issuance of the certificate of delinquency. Assignments of interests, deeds, or other documents executed or recorded after filing the certificate of delinquency shall not affect the payment of excess funds to the record owner. In the event no claim for the excess is received by the county treasurer within three years after the date of the sale he or she shall at expiration of the three year period deposit such excess in the current expense fund of the county which shall extinguish all claims by any owner to the excess funds. The county treasurer shall execute to the purchaser of any piece or parcel of land a tax deed. The deed so made by the county treasurer, under the official seal of his or her office, shall be recorded in the same manner as other conveyances of real property, and shall vest in the grantee, his or her heirs and assigns the title to the property therein described, without further acknowledgment or evidence of such conveyance, and shall be substantially in the following form:

22	State of Washington	
23	$\}$ s	ss.
24	County of	

Witnesseth, that, whereas, at a public sale of real property held on the . . . day of pursuant to a real property tax judgment entered in the superior court in the county of on the . . . day of in proceedings to foreclose tax liens upon real property and an order of sale duly issued by the court, duly purchased in compliance with the laws of the state of Washington, the following described real property, to wit: (Here place description of real property conveyed) and that the

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. . . . has complied with the laws of the state of Washington necessary to entitle (him, or her or them) to a deed for the real property. Now, therefore, know ye, that, I county treasurer of the county of , state of Washington, in consideration of the premises and by virtue of the statutes of the state of Washington, in such cases provided, do hereby grant and convey unto , his or her heirs and assigns, forever, the real property hereinbefore described. Given under my hand and seal of office this . . . day of , A.D.

13 County Treasurer.

- **Sec. 8.** RCW 67.28.181 and 1998 c 35 s 1 are each amended to read 15 as follows:
 - (1) The legislative body of any municipality may impose an excise tax on the sale of or charge made for the furnishing of lodging that is subject to tax under chapter 82.08 RCW. The rate of tax shall not exceed the lesser of two percent or a rate that, when combined with all other taxes imposed upon sales of lodging within the municipality under this chapter and chapters 36.100, 67.40, 82.08, and 82.14 RCW, equals twelve percent. A tax under this chapter shall not be imposed in increments smaller than tenths of a percent.
 - (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section:
 - (a) If a municipality was authorized to impose taxes under this chapter or RCW 67.40.100 or both with a total rate exceeding four percent before July 27, 1997, such total authorization shall continue through January ((\pm)) 31, 1999, and thereafter the municipality may impose a tax under this section at a rate not exceeding the rate actually imposed by the municipality on January ((\pm)) 31, 1999.
 - (b) If a city or town, other than a municipality imposing a tax under (a) of this subsection, is located in a county that imposed taxes under this chapter with a total rate of four percent or more on January 1, 1997, the city or town may not impose a tax under this section.
 - (c) If a city has a population of four hundred thousand or more and is located in a county with a population of one million or more, the rate of tax imposed under this chapter by the city shall not exceed the

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- lesser of four percent or a rate that, when combined with all other taxes imposed upon sales of lodging in the municipality under this chapter and chapters 36.100, 67.40, 82.08, and 82.14 RCW, equals fifteen and two-tenths percent.
 - (d) If a municipality was authorized to impose taxes under this chapter or RCW 67.40.100, or both, at a rate equal to six percent before January 1, 1998, the municipality may impose a tax under this section at a rate not exceeding the rate actually imposed by the municipality on January 1, 1998.
- 10 (3) Any county ordinance or resolution adopted under this section 11 shall contain a provision allowing a credit against the county tax for 12 the full amount of any city or town tax imposed under this section upon 13 the same taxable event.
- 14 **Sec. 9.** RCW 67.28.200 and 1997 c 452 s 14 are each amended to read 15 as follows:

The legislative body of any municipality may establish reasonable exemptions for taxes authorized under this chapter. The department of revenue shall perform the collection of such taxes on behalf of such municipality at no cost to such municipality. Except as expressly provided in this chapter, all of the provisions contained in RCW 82.08.050 and 82.08.060 and chapter 82.32 RCW shall have full force and application with respect to taxes imposed under the provisions of this chapter.

Passed by the House March 8, 2004. Passed by the Senate March 4, 2004. Approved by the Governor March 22, 2004. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 22, 2004.

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